



INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, TABUK

TERM- 1 (SESSION: 2025-26)

PRACTICE SHEET -1

CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT: SCIENCE (BIOLOGY)

TOPIC: CROP PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT

I	Tick the Correct Answers
1	The science of agriculture includes: (a) management of plants and animals (b) management of plants (c) management of animals (d) management of humans
2	Cereals generally provide: (a) proteins (b) sugars (c) fats (d) vitamins
3	Manures are: (a) organic in nature (b) inorganic in nature (c) organic as well as inorganic in (d) none of the above
4	The plant roots contain nitrogen fixing bacteria: (a) orange (b) pea (c) mango (d) tomato

II	State True or False
	<p>1. Earthworm is friend of the farmer.</p> <p>2. Weedicides make the weeds grow well.</p> <p>3. Canals, wells and rains are the sources of water for irrigation.</p> <p>4. Crop rotation helps to increase the fertility of soil.</p> <p>5. Crop can be damaged by excess supply of water. ...</p>
III	Fill in the blanks
	<p>1. The same kind of plants grown and cultivated on a large scale at a place is called</p> <p>2. The first step before growing crops is of the soil.</p> <p>3. Damaged seeds would on top of water.</p> <p>4. Rearing of large number of animals in large scale is called</p> <p>5. For growing a crop, sufficient sunlight and and from the soil are essential</p>
III	Answer these questions in one word
	<p>1. Give two examples of each: (a) Kharif crop: (b) Rabi crop:</p> <p>2. List out the Traditional method of Irrigation.</p> <p>3. Where are the grains stored and protected?</p> <p>4. Mention names of any two fertilisers.</p> <p>5. What are the basic practices of crop production?</p>